

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 7

11201 Renner Boulevard Lenexa, Kansas 66219

SEP 3 0 2015

Deke Beldon D&Z Exploration, Inc. 900 North Elm Street St. Elmo, Illinois 62458

RE: SPCC Inspection

Dear Mr. Beldon:

On or about August 26, 2015, a representative of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency inspected the Hastert East and the Hastert West facilities located near Garnett, Kansas. The inspections were done under the authority of Section 308 of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1318. Copies of the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures Field Inspection and Plan Review Checklist Forms are enclosed for your information. For a comprehensive list of comments, please reference Attachment E on each form.

The EPA is presently reviewing the findings of the reports to determine your facility's compliance with the applicable statutes and regulations. If it is determined that violations exist, the EPA reserves all rights it may have to take appropriate enforcement action.

If there are any questions regarding this report or actions that you may want to take, please contact me at (913) 551-7205.

Sincerely,

Mark Aaron

Environmental Scientist

Storage Tanks and Oil Pollution Branch

Air and Waste Management Division

Enclosure





U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

D & Z Exploration, Inc. – East Hastert Lease

Overview of the Checklist

This checklist is designed to assist EPA inspectors in conducting a thorough and nationally consistent inspection of a facility's compliance with the Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) rule at 40 CFR part 112. It is a required tool to help federal inspectors (or their contractors) record observations for the site inspection and review of the SPCC Plan. While the checklist is meant to be comprehensive, the inspector should always refer to the SPCC rule in its entirety, the SPCC Regional Inspector Guidance Document, and other relevant guidance for evaluating compliance. This checklist must be completed in order for an inspection to count toward an agency measure (i.e., OEM inspection measures or GPRA). The completed checklist and supporting documentation (i.e. photo logs or additional notes) serve as the inspection report.

This checklist addresses requirements for onshore oil drilling, production and workover facilities (including Tier II Qualified Facilities that meet the eligibility criteria set forth in §112.3(g)(2)). Qualified facilities must meet the rule requirements in §112.6 and other applicable sections specified in §112.6, except for deviations that provide environmental equivalence and secondary containment impracticability determinations as allowed under §112.6.

The checklist is organized according to the SPCC rule. Each item in the checklist identifies the relevant section and paragraph in 40 CFR part 112 where that requirement is stated.

- Sections 112.1 through 112.5 specify the applicability of the rule and requirements for the preparation, implementation, and amendment of SPCC Plans. For these sections, the checklist includes data fields to be completed, as well as several questions with "yes," "no" "NA" answers.
- Section 112.6 includes requirements for qualified facilities. These provisions are addressed in Attachment D.
- Section 112.7 includes general requirements that apply to all facilities (unless otherwise excluded).
- Section 112.9 specifies spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements for onshore oil drilling, production and workover facilities
- section 112.10 specifies spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements for onshore oil drilling, production, and workover facilities.

The inspector needs to evaluate whether the requirement is addressed adequately or inadequately in the SPCC Plan and whether it is implemented adequately in the field (either by field observation or record review). For the SPCC Plan and implementation in the field, if a requirement is addressed adequately, mark the "Yes" box in the appropriate column. If a requirement is not addressed adequately, mark the "No" box. If a requirement does not apply to the particular facility or the question asked is not appropriate for the facility, mark as "NA". Discrepancies or descriptions of inspector interpretation of "No" vs. "NA" may be documented in the comments box subsequent to each section. If a provision of the rule applies only to the SPCC Plan, the "Field" column is shaded.

Attachments

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- Attachment A is for recording information about containers and other locations at the facility that require secondary containment.
- Attachment B is a checklist for documentation of the tests and inspections the facility operator is required to keep with the SPCC Plan.
- Attachment C is a checklist for oil spill contingency plans following 40 CFR 109. Unless a facility has submitted a
 Facility Response Plan (FRP) under 40 CFR 112.20, a contingency plan following 40 CFR 109 is required if a facility
 determines that secondary containment is impracticable as provided in 40 CFR 112.7(d). The same requirement for
 an oil spill contingency plan applies to the owner or operator of a facility with qualified oil-filled operational equipment
 that chooses to implement alternative requirements instead of general secondary containment requirements as
 provided in 40 CFR 112.7(k).
- Attachment D is a checklist for Tier II Qualified Facilities.
- Attachment E is for recording additional comments or notes.
- Attachment F is for recording information about photos.

FACILITY INFORMATION		The State		nal azyain		
FACILITY NAME: Hastert East Lease – D&Z	. Exploratio	n, Inc.	PORT OF STREET	PARTICIPATE OF THE PARTICIPATE O		
_ATITUDE: 38.304926°	ONGITUD	E: -95.145527	′3°	GPS DATUM: W	'G\$84	
Section/Township/Range: SE1/4, S13, T20S	, R20E	FRS#/OIL D	ATABASE ID:		ICIS#:	
ADDRESS: NE 1830 Road		1		13:41.70	shill still to war view.	
CITY: Garnett	STATE: KS	resent myesii	ZIP: 66032		COUNTY: Anderson	
MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT FROM FACILITY	ADDRESS - IF	NOT, PRINT "SAME	"): 33095 W 183"	St Maria	o li shigandista e e formila	
CITY: Edgerton	STATE: KS	errents han	ZIP: 66021	nex in National	COUNTY:	
TELEPHONE: 618-322-3359	FACIL	ITY CONTACT	Γ NAME/TITLE:	Deke Belden	The second of th	
OWNER NAME: D & Z Exploration, Inc		- AB-17	A Section	- 4 - 4	16.00 *36	
OWNER ADDRESS: 900 n. Elm St	1973	ye tende		The state of		
CITY: St. Elmo	STATE: IL	BY AT TO MENT OF	ZIP: 62458		COUNTY:	
TELEPHONE: 618-829-3274	FAX:	-1	SISL III LENGT	EMAIL:	nga Tean Sulan 1970 a m	
FACILITY OPERATOR NAME (IF DIFFERENT FF	ROM OWNER -	IF NOT, PRINT "SAM	ıE") same	is runs -	Andre a line	
OPERATOR ADDRESS:	110 11 11 1	165	r-dron	And Electrical	and the same	
CITY:	STATE:		ZIP:	oʻrili, ge	COUNTY:	
TELEPHONE:	OPER	ATOR CONTA	ACT NAME/TITL	E: same	Acre of the two controls	
FACILITY TYPE: oil production lease		Towns to the	> 1,00		NAICS CODE:	
HOURS PER DAY FACILITY ATTENDED:	1	11 0, 0	TOTAL FACIL	ITY CAPACITY:	42,000 gallons	
TYPE(S) OF OIL STORED: crude oil; oil wa	ater mix; sa	ilt water	e told a	157	10 74 15 TO 10 10 1-	
LOCATED IN INDIAN COUNTRY? YES	S 🗹 NO	RESERVATION	ON NAME:	A Total	a Dollar Brahman (1976) A company of the second	
INSPECTION/PLAN REVIEW INFORM	MATION	within the	milita masa	on Solidania de	A granical tradeuse, of goog	
PLAN REVIEW DATE: 8/27/2015	REV	IEWER NAME	E: Paul Doherty		e vie missa	
INSPECTION DATE: 8/26/2015	ТІМІ	E: 9:30 AM	ACTIVITY	/ ID NO:	NO:	
LEAD INSPECTOR: Paul Doherty	M 84-080	471	THE SHARE			
OTHER INSPECTOR(S):	erena ge	Topinio Tot Tangga Obas	the engine		nga garak si Birli si menjenti M Mili sabih nga galagan ng Sua	
INSPECTOR ACKNOWLEDGMENT		Principal in	att appraise per a	Carrent participates of	Colombias INTO the art that -	
I performed an SPCC inspection at the fac-	ility specifie	ed above.	in diameter	ann sowath	of other to a special and	
INSPECTOR SIGNATURE:	St.		3	r iv - parte g materials	DATE: 8/28/15	
SUPERVISOR REVIEW/SIGNATURE:	P	90			DATE: 9/1/15	

THE FACILITY REGULATED UNDER 40 CFR part 112?				
The completely buried oil storage capacity is over 42,000 U.S. gallon storage capacity is over 1,320 U.S. gallons AND	ns, <u>OR</u> the	aggregate aboveground oil	✓ Yes □ No	
The facility is a non-transportation-related facility engaged in drilling processing, refining, transferring, distributing, using, or consuming o location could reasonably be expected to discharge oil into or upon States	il and oil p	roducts, which due to its		
FFECTED WATERWAY(S): surface drainage to South Fork of Pottawa reek	atomie	DISTANCE: <50 feet from s lines	some wellheads and	
LOW PATH TO WATERWAY: surface drainage to South Fork of Potta	watomie C	Creek		
lote: The following storage capacity is not considered in determining applicability				
Equipment subject to the authority of the U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Department of the Interior, or Minerals Management	· Containe	ers smaller than 55 U.S. gallons;		
Service, as defined in Memoranda of Understanding dated November	Permane	ently closed containers (as define	d in §112.2);	
24, 1971, and November 8, 1993; Tank trucks that return to an otherwise regulated facility that contain only residual amounts of oil (EPA Policy	Motive p	ower containers (as defined in §1	12.2);	
letter)	Hot-mix	asphalt or any hot-mix asphalt co	ntainers;	
Completely buried tanks subject to all the technical requirements of 40 CFR part 280 or a state program approved under 40 CFR part 281;	Heating	oil containers used solely at a sin	gle-family residence;	
Underground oil storage tanks deferred under 40 CFR part 280 that	Pesticide	e application equipment and relat	ed mix containers;	
supply emergency diesel generators at a nuclear power generation facility licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and subject to any NRC provision regarding design and quality criteria.	appurtei	and milk product container and a nances; and		
including but not limited to CFR part 50; Any facility or part thereof used exclusively for wastewater treatment		ility gathering lines subject to the FR part 192 or 195.	regulatory requirements	
(production, recovery or recycling of oil is not considered wastewater treatment); (This does not include other oil containers located at a wastewater treatment facility, such as generator tanks or transformers)	of 49 CFR part 192 or 195.		n(1	
Does the facility have an SPCC Plan?			☑ Yes ☐ No	
FACILITY RESPONSE PLAN (FRP) APPLICABILITY—40 CFR	112.20/	AND THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF		
A non-transportation related onshore facility is required to prepare and	and the same		2 112 20 if	
The facility transfers oil over water to or from vessels and has a 42,000 U.S. gallons, OR	The second of the			
☐ The facility has a total oil storage capacity of at least 1 million L	J.S. gallons	s, AND at least one of the follo	owing is true:	
The facility does not have secondary containment sufficient plus sufficient freeboard for precipitation.	ntly large t	o contain the capacity of the l	argest aboveground tan	
☐ The facility is located at a distance such that a discharge			d sensitive environment	
The facility is located such that a discharge would shut do				
The facility has had a reportable discharge greater than or	or equal to	10,000 U.S. gallons in the pas	st 5 years.	
Facility has FRP: ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA	FF	RP Number:	ST THE TRANSPORTER	
Facility has a completed and signed copy of Appendix C, Attachment C "Certification of the Applicability of the Substantial Harm Criteria."	C-II,	distribution new	Yes No	
Comments: The facility stores less than the FRP-regulated quantity an Harm Certification statement is not signed.	d is therefo	ore not subject to the FRP reg	ulations. The Substanti	
	R 112.3(g)(2)	20	
SPCC TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY APPLICABILITY—40 CF		ND .	☐ Yes ☑ No	
SPCC TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY APPLICABILITY—40 CF The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity is 10,000 U.S. gallon	s or less <u>A</u>		1	
	e becomin NO T had:		Yes No	

Two discharg	es as described in §	112.1(b) each excee	eding 42 U.S	gallons within	any twelve-month period1	☐Yes ☐	No
	IF YES TO ALL	OF THE ABOVE, T	THEN THE F	ACILITY IS A T	IER II QUALIFIED FACILIT	Y2	
	SEE	ATTACHMENT D F	OR TIER II C	UALIFIED FAC	CILITY CHECKLIST	Ext.	ME MA
REQUIREMEN	TS FOR PREPAR	ATION AND IMP	LEMENTAT	ION OF A SF	PCC PLAN—40 CFR 11:	2.3	
Date facility bega	an operations: produ	ction records date b	ack to 1972	TINETE OF LIFE	r i manifab i me kuaman.	guerday vien	per airly
Date of initial SP	CC Plan preparation	: July 13, 2015	Current F	lan version (da	te/number): July 13, 2015		TOP I INC
	offshore or have an offshore component; or facilities required to have and submit a FRP: • In operation on or prior to November 10, 2010: Plan prepared and/or amended and fully					□Yes □	No 🗹 NA
	operations; or Plan prepared and fully implemented within six months after oil production facilities				Yes T	214	
	implemented by November 10, 2011					☑ Yes □	No DNA
	Plan prepared and fully implemented within six months after oil production facilities					☐ Yes ☐	24 F
112.3(d)	Plan is certified by a registered Professional Engineer (PE) and includes statements that the PE attests: • PE is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR part 112					☐ Yes ☑ Yes ☑	PARTIE TO
	PE or agent has visited and examined the facility					☐ Yes ☑ Yes ☑	No DN
	For produced amount of fre the procedure	e-phase oil is desigr	ned to reduce required ins	the accumulat pections, maint	cedure to minimize the ion of free-phase oil and enance and testing have	☐ Yes ☑	
PE Name:	's Escapant'o die	License No.:	No. of the last	State:	Date of certifica	tion:	
112.3(e)(1)		arest field office. (PI			ty is unattended, Plan is e contact information in	✓ Yes □	No 🗆 N
Comments: Th	ne SPCC plan is not	stamped or certified	l by a registe	red PE.	3 70 mg 10 mg 1		1
AMENDMENT	OF SPCC PLAN	BY REGIONAL A	ADMINISTR	ATOR (RA)-	-40 CFR 112.4		
112.4(a),(c)					single reportable discharge in any 12-month penod? ³	Yes	No ?
If YES	Was informat	ion submitted to the ion submitted to the rol activities in the S	appropriate	agency or agen	cies in charge of oil		No MN

with the rest car

¹ Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

² An owner/operator who self-certifies a Tier II SPCC Plan may not include any environmentally equivalent alternatives or secondary containment impracticability determinations unless reviewed and certified by a PE.

³ A reportable discharge is a discharge as described in §112.1(b)(see 40 CFR part 110). The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination

⁴ Triggering this threshold may disqualify the facility from meeting the Qualified Facility criteria if it occurred in the three years prior to self-certification

21	 Date(s) and vol Were the disch Note: Volume of 	on: heads is unknown	☐ Yes ☑ No		
112.4(d),(e)		44 PM 1903 Earl	plemented in the Plan and/or	NEW TOTAL OF THE PARTY OF THE P	☐Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Comments: No re	elease information is	provided.	CHOKS	Company of the second second	Partie
AMENDMENT	OF SPCC PLAN	BY THE OWNER OF	OPERATOR—40 CFR 1	12.5	1940685 A
	Has there been a ch described in §112.1		t materially affects the potent	ial for a discharge	Yes No
If YES	Was the Plan a	amended within six mo	nths of the change? in six months of any Plan am	endment?	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No
112.5(b)	Service Control of the Control of th	J	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF		Yes No No NA
Following Plan review, was Plan amended within six months to include more effective prevention and control technology that has been field-proven to significantly reduce the likelihood of a discharge described in §112.1(b)?					☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	Amendments implemented within six months of any Plan amendment? Five year Plan review and evaluation documented?				Yes No NA
112.5(c) Professional Engineer certification of any technical Plan amendments in accordance with all applicable requirements of §112.3(d) [Except for self-certified Plans]					☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
Name:	7.6	License No.:	State:	Date of certification	on:
Peacon for ame	ndment: The plan is	draft and has not bee	n amended		1
The second second	PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS	the same of	res are addressed in the plan	Δ plan review is not d	ue until 2020
AT BURE SEE SEE	Number 1	NTS-40 CFR 112.	at the second	PLAN	FIELD
Management a	pproval at a level of	authority to commit the	necessary resources to ent is signed but not dated.	Yes No	
Plan follows se	guence of the rule o		meeting all applicable rule	Yes No NA	
details of their	facilities, procedure installation and start testing baselines.)	s, methods, or equipmo -up are discussed <i>(Not</i>	ent not yet fully operational, e: Relevant for inspection	Yes No MA	
112.7(a)(2)	(h)(2) and (3), and except the second	d (i) and applicable sub	quirements of §§112.7(g), parts B and C of the rule, rements in §§112.7(c) and 10(c)	Yes INO NA	
If YES	117	es reasons for noncon		Yes No NA	Contract to the second
10	environmenta the environm	al protection (Note: Insp	letail and provide equivalent pector should document if aplemented in the field, in ion)	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
Describe each	deviation and reason	ons for nonconformance	e: The plan does not describe	e any deviations or reas	ons for nonconformance.
112.7(a)(3)	that identifies: Location and co Storage areas v Completely buri (marked as "exi Transfer statlor	ontents of all regulated fixed on where mobile or portable conti led tanks otherwise exempt fr empt")	ainers are located om the SPCC requirements	Note: Gathering line locations are not known and not included on site drawing.	☑ Yes ☐ No
	Connecting pip exempt from the connection in the connection i	es, including intra-facility gath e requirements of this part un	ering lines that are otherwise der §112.1(d)(11)	panasanti pantosas na	Right

⁵ Inspector Note-Confirm any spills identified above were reported to NRC

⁶ May be part of the Plan or demonstrated elsewhere.

Note in comments any discrepancies between the facility diagram, the description of the physical layout of facility, and what is observed in the field

T			
	Plan addresses each of the following:		V-1
(i)	For each fixed container, type of oil and storage capacity (see Attachment A of this checklist). For mobile or portable containers, type of oil and storage capacity for each container or an estimate of the potential number of mobile or portable containers, the types of oil, and anticipated storage capacities	Yes No	Yes No
(ii)	Discharge prevention measures, including procedures for routine handling of products (loading, unloading, and facility transfers, etc.)	☑ Yes ☐ No	Yes No
(iii)	Discharge or drainage controls, such as secondary containment around containers, and other structures, equipment, and procedures for the control of a discharge	☑ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
(iv)	Countermeasures for discharge discovery, response, and cleanup (both facility's and contractor's resources)	☑ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
(v)	Methods of disposal of recovered materials in accordance with applicable legal requirements	☑Yes ☐No	
(vi)	Contact list and phone numbers for the facility response coordinator, National Response Center, cleanup contractors with an agreement for response, and all Federal, State, and local agencies who must be contacted in the case of a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	✓ Yes □ No	
112.7(a)(4)	Does not apply if the facility has submitted an FRP under §112.20:	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	
100	Plan includes information and procedures that enable a person reporting an oil discharge as described in §112.1(b) to relate information	on on the:	
	10 . 0 . 0	arge; es caused by the d to stop, remove, and	
- State	described in §112.1(b); • Whether an evacu	ation may be needed; and als and/or organizations	
112.7(a)(5)	Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20: Plan organized so that portions describing procedures to be used when a discharge occurs will be readily usable in an emergency	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	
112.7(b)	Plan includes a prediction of the direction, rate of flow, and total quantity of oil that could be discharged for each type of major equipment failure where experience indicates a reasonable potential for equipment failure	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	
Comments: The procedures are	ne plan diagram shows well head locations but not gathering lines. Ta	nk battery diagram is ade	equate. Reporting
	THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE SHARK SET O	PLAN	FIELD
112.7(c)	Appropriate containment and/or diversionary structures or equipment described in §112.1(b), except as provided in §112.7(k) of this see equipment and §112.9(d)(3) for certain flowlines and intra-facilit. The entire containment system, including walls and floors, are capable prevent escape of a discharge from the containment system before capacity for secondary containment address the typical failure mode discharged. See Attachment A of this checklist.	ction for certain qualifie y gathering lines at an o ble of containing oil and a cleanup occurs. The meth	d operational oil production facility. re constructed to nod, design, and
	For onshore facilities, one of the following or its equivalent: Dikes, berms, or retaining walls sufficiently impervious to contain oil. Curbing or drip pans, Sumps and collection systems, Sorbent in	ooms or other barriers, rsion ponds, n ponds, or materials.	
•	Culverting, gutters or other drainage systems, Identify which of the following are present at the facility and if appropriate the facility and appropriate the facility and if appropriate the facility and appropriate the fac	priate containment and/or	diversionary structures
	or equipment are provided as described above:		Yes No DN
	☑ Bulk storage containers	and the second second second second second	and the state of the same of t
	☐ Mobile/portable containers	LIYes LINo MINA	Yes No VN

	Oil-filled operational equipment (as defined in 112.2)	Yes No No NA	Yes No MA
	☑ Other oil-filled equipment (i.e., manufacturing equipment)	Yes No NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
	☑ Piping and related appurtenances	Yes No NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
	Mobile refuelers of non-transportation-related tank cars	Yes No No NA	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	The state of the s	Yes No NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
	✓ Transfer areas, equipment and activities ✓ Identify any other equipment or activities that are not listed	THE R. P. LEWIS CO., S. A. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
112.7(d)	above: gathering lines Secondary containment for one (or more) of the following provisions is determined to be impracticable:	☐Yes ☑No	
	General secondary containment §112.7(c) Bulk storage containers §\$112.8(c)(2)/112.12(c)(2)		
	Loading/unloading rack §112.7(h)(1) Mobile/portable containers§§112.8(c)(11)/112.12 (c)(11)		
If YES	The impracticability of secondary containment is clearly demonstrated and described in the Plan	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	 For bulk storage containers,⁸ periodic integrity testing of containers and integrity and leak testing of the associated valves and piping is conducted 	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	Yes No No NA
	(Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20): Contingency Plan following the provisions of 40 CFR part 109 is provided (see Attachment C of this checklist) AND	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	
	The state of the s		
	 Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful 	Yes No VNA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
comments: Ar bservation indi	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil	is described as being 1.5	high but field
comments: Ar	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful	is described as being 1.5	high but field
comments: Arbservation indi	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful	n is described as being 1.5 he plan need to be reasse	high but field essed.
bservation indi	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful impracticability claim is not made. The secondary containment bern cate that it is not that high. The containment capacity calculations in the line of the containment capacity calculations in the capacity calcul	is described as being 1.5 he plan need to be reasse	high but field essed.
bservation indi	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful impracticability claim is not made. The secondary containment bern cate that it is not that high. The containment capacity calculations in the line of the containment capacity calculations in the line of the containment capacity calculations in the cap	n is described as being 1.5 the plan need to be reassed PLAN Yes No	high but field essed. FIELD Yes V No
bservation indi	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful impracticability claim is not made. The secondary containment bern cate that it is not that high. The containment capacity calculations in the line of the containment capacity calculations in the line of the containment capacity calculations in the line of the containment capacity calculations in the capacity calculations in the capacity calculatio	PLAN PLAN PLAN Yes No Yes No	high but field essed. FIELD Yes ☑ No Yes ☑ No Yes ☑ No
112.7(e)	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful impracticability claim is not made. The secondary containment bern cate that it is not that high. The containment capacity calculations in the containment depression or tests signed by supervisor or inspector Kept with Plan for at least 3 years (see Attachment B of this checklist) Personnel, training, and oil discharge prevention procedures Training of oil-handling personnel in operation and maintenance of equipment to prevent discharges; discharge procedure protocols; applicable pollution control laws, rules, and regulations; general	pLAN Yes \(\square \text{No} \)	high but field essed. FIELD Yes ☑ No Yes ☑ No Yes ☑ No
112.7(e)	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful impracticability claim is not made. The secondary containment bern cate that it is not that high. The containment capacity calculations in the co	PLAN PLAN PLAN Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	high but field essed. FIELD Yes No Yes No Yes No No Yes No N
112.7(e) 112.7(f) (1)	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful impracticability claim is not made. The secondary containment bernicate that it is not that high. The containment capacity calculations in the c	PLAN PLAN Yes No Yes No Yes No	high but field essed. FIELD Yes No Yes No Yes No No Yes No No NA
112.7(e) 112.7(f) (1) (2)	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful impracticability claim is not made. The secondary containment bernicate that it is not that high. The containment capacity calculations in the containment capacity calculations or inspector. Inspections and tests conducted in accordance with written procedures. Record of inspections or tests signed by supervisor or inspector. Kept with Plan capacity or inspector. Kept with Plan for at least 3 years (see Attachment B of this checklist) ⁹ Personnel, training, and oil discharge prevention procedures. Training of oil-handling personnel in operation and maintenance of equipment to prevent discharges; discharge procedure protocols; applicable pollution control laws, rules, and regulations; general facility operations; and contents of SPCC Plan Person designated as accountable for discharge prevention at the facility and reports to facility management Discharge prevention briefings conducted at least once a year for oil handling personnel to assure adequate understanding of the Plan. Briefings highlight and describe known discharges as described in §112.1(b) or failures, malfunctioning components, and any recently developed precautionary measures	PLAN PLAN PLAN Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No No Yes No No No Yes No	high but field essed. FIELD Yes No Yes No Yes No No Yes No N
112.7(e) 112.7(f) (1)	required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful impracticability claim is not made. The secondary containment bernicate that it is not that high. The containment capacity calculations in the capacity calculations and tests conducted in accordance with written procedures Record of inspections or tests signed by supervisor or inspector Kept with Plan for at least 3 years (see Attachment B of this checklist) Personnel, training, and oil discharge prevention procedures Training of oil-handling personnel in operation and maintenance of equipment to prevent discharges; discharge procedure protocols; applicable pollution control laws, rules, and regulations; general facility operations; and contents of SPCC Plan Person designated as accountable for discharge prevention at the facility and reports to facility management Discharge prevention briefings conducted at least once a year for oil handling personnel to assure adequate understanding of the Plan. Briefings highlight and describe known discharges as described in §112.1(b) or failures, malfunctioning components, and	PLAN PLAN PLAN PLAN PLAN PYes No Pes No	High but field essed. FIELD Yes No Yes No Yes No NA Yes No NA Yes No NA Yes No NA

⁸ These additional requirements apply only to bulk storage containers, when an impracticability determination has been made by the PE ⁹ Records of inspections and tests kept under usual and customary business practices will suffice

¹⁰ Note that a tank car/truck loading/unloading rack must be present for §112.7(h) to apply

11 to 20	treatment facility designed to handle discharges or use a quick drainage system?	amounth maker in St. 1	Sef i
11	Containment system holds at least the maximum capacity of the largest single compartment of a tank car/truck loaded/unloaded at the facility	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐Yes ☐ No ☑NA
(2)	An interlocked warning light or physical barriers, warning signs, wheel chocks, or vehicle brake interlock system in the area adjacent to the loading or unloading rack to prevent vehicles from departing before complete disconnection of flexible or fixed oil transfer lines	Yes No No NA	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
(3)	Lower-most drains and all outlets on tank cars/trucks inspected prior to filling/departure, and, if necessary ensure that they are tightened, adjusted, or replaced to prevent liquid discharge while in transit	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
Comments: Tra	nining procedures are adequately discussed in the Plan. No training, in ew.	spection or testing record	ls could be produced in
		PLAN	FIELD
112.7(i)	Brittle fracture evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers is conducted after tank repair, alteration, reconstruction, or change in service that might affect the risk of a discharge or after a discharge/failure due to brittle fracture or other catastrophe, and appropriate action taken as necessary (applies to only field-constructed aboveground containers in production service, drilling, and workover service)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
112.7(j)	Discussion of conformance with applicable more stringent State rules, regulations, and guidelines and other effective discharge prevention and containment procedures listed in 40 CFR part 112	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	
112.7(k)	Qualified oil-filled operational equipment is present at the facility ¹¹	Control of the contro	☐ Yes ☑ No
If YES	Oil-filled operational equipment means equipment that includes an oil storage present solely to support the function of the apparatus or the device. Oil-filled storage container, and does not include oil-filled manufacturing equipment (flue equipment include, but are not limited to, hydraulic systems, lubricating system rotating equipment, including pumpjack lubrication systems), gear boxes, materiansformers, circuit breakers, electrical switches, and other systems containing Check which apply: Secondary Containment provided in accordance with 112.7(c)	operational equipment is not ow-through process). Examp ms (e.g., those for pumps, c chining coolant systems, hea	t considered a bulk les of oil-filled operational ompressors and other t transfer systems,
2 2 3	Alternative measure described below (confirm eligibility)	1 to 10 to 1	
112.7(k)	 Qualified Oil-Filled Operational Equipment Has a single reportable discharge as described in §112.1(b) fror operational equipment exceeding 1,000 U.S. gallons occurred w prior to Plan certification date? 		☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	 Have two reportable discharges as described in §112.1(b) from any oil-filled operation equipment each exceeding 42 U.S. gallons occurred within any 12-month period within the three years prior to Plan certification date?¹² 		
	If YES for either, secondary containment in accor	dance with §112 7(c) is re	quired
	 Facility procedure for inspections or monitoring program to detect equipment failure and/or a discharge is established and documented 	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
· W.	Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20:	August a sure many	A 20 1 104 1 2 1 1
	 Contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109 (see Attachment C of this checklist) is provided in Plan <u>AND</u> 	Yes No MA	
0	 Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful is provided in Plan 	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	

¹¹ This provision does not apply to oil-filled manufacturing equipment (flow-through process)

¹² Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

MOTORE OIL	PRODUCTION FACILITIES—40 CFR 112.9	PLAN	FIELD
roduction facility tra-facility gather lated equipment orage or measur	prkover facilities are excluded from the requirements of §112.9) means all structures (including but not limited to wells, platforms, or storage facing lines), or equipment (including but not limited to workover equipment, separation or the production, extraction, recovery, lifting, stabilization, separation or ement, and is located in an oil or gas field, at a facility. This definition governs we section of this part.	ation equipment, or auxiliar treating of oil (including con	y non-transportation- densate), or associated
12.9(b) Oil Pro	duction Facility Drainage	24 John W. W. 1971 129	Liptari
(1)	At tank batteries, separation and treating areas where there is a reasonable possibility of a discharge as described in §112.1(b), drains for dikes or equivalent measures are closed and sealed except when draining uncontaminated rainwater. Accumulated oil on the rainwater is removed and then returned to storage or disposed of in accordance with legally approved methods	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
	Prior to drainage, diked area inspected and action taken as provided below:	III.	
	 112.8(c)(3)(ii) - Retained rainwater is inspected to ensure that its presence will not cause a discharge as described in §112.1(b) 	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	
	112.8(c)(3)(iii) - Bypass valve opened and resealed under responsible supervision	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	Yes INO N
	 112.8(c)(3)(iv) - Adequate records of drainage are kept; for example, records required under permits issued in accordance with §122.41(j)(2) and (m)(3) 	☑ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	☐Yes ☑No ☐N
(2)	Field drainage systems (e.g., drainage ditches or road ditches) and oil traps, sumps, or skimmers inspected at regularly scheduled intervals for oil, and accumulations of oil promptly removed	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	☐Yes ☑No ☐N
Bulk storage cor	oduction Facility Bulk Storage Containers tainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pu- e being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, op	rposes including, but not lim erating, or manufacturing ed	ited to, the storage of oil quipment is not a bulk
Bulk storage cor	tainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pure being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, oper. Containers materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and	rposes including, but not limerating, or manufacturing ed	ited to, the storage of oil quipment is not a bulk Yes No No
Bulk storage cor prior to use, whil storage containe	tainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pure being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, oper. Containers materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature	erating, or manufacturing ed	Yes No N
Bulk storage cor prior to use, whil storage containe (1)	tainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pure being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, oper. Containers materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), secondary containment provided for all tank battery, separation and treating facilities sized to hold the capacity of largest single container and	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	Yes No No
Bulk storage cor prior to use, whil storage containe (1)	tainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pure being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, oper. Containers materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), secondary containment provided for all tank battery, separation and treating facilities sized to hold the capacity of largest single container and sufficient freeboard for precipitation. Drainage from undiked area safely confined in a catchment basin or holding pond.	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA Yes ☐ No ☐ NA	Yes No No
Bulk storage corprior to use, whill storage containe (1)	tainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pure being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, operation. Containers materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), secondary containment provided for all tank battery, separation and treating facilities sized to hold the capacity of largest single container and sufficient freeboard for precipitation. Drainage from undiked area safely confined in a catchment basin or holding pond. Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), periodically and upon a regular schedule, visually inspect containers for deterioration and maintenance needs, including foundation and supports of each container on or above the surface of the ground New and old tank batteries engineered/updated in accordance with good engineering practices to prevent discharges including at least one of the following: Adequate container capacity to prevent overfill if a pumper/gauger is delayed in making regularly scheduled rounds; High lecompute	Yes No NA Yes No NA Yes No NA Yes No NA	Yes No
Bulk storage corprior to use, whill storage contained (1) (2) (3)	tainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pure being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, operation. Containers materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), secondary containment provided for all tank battery, separation and treating facilities sized to hold the capacity of largest single container and sufficient freeboard for precipitation. Drainage from undiked area safely confined in a catchment basin or holding pond. Except as allowed for flow-through process vessels in §112.9(c)(5) and produced water containers in §112.9(c)(6), periodically and upon a regular schedule, visually inspect containers for deterioration and maintenance needs, including foundation and supports of each container on or above the surface of the ground New and old tank batteries engineered/updated in accordance with good engineering practices to prevent discharges including at least one of the following: • Adequate container capacity to prevent overfill if a pumper/gauger is delayed in making regularly scheduled rounds; • Overflow equalizing lines between containers so that a	Yes No NA Yes No NA	Yes No

(i)	Flow-through process vessels and associated components (e.g. dump valves) are periodically and on a regular schedule visually inspected and/or tested for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	Yes No No NA	Yes No MA
(ii)	Corrective actions or repairs have been made to flow-through process vessels and any associated components as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of an oil discharge	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	Yes No NA
(iii)	Oil removed or other actions initiated to promptly stabilize and remediate any accumulation of oil discharges associated with the produced water container	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	✓ Yes ☐ No ✓ NA
(iv)	All flow-through process vessels comply with §§112.9(c)(2) and (c)(3) within six months of any flow-through process vessel discharge of more than 1,000 U.S. gallons of oil in a single discharge as described in §112.1(b) or discharges of more than 42 U.S. gallons of oil in each of two discharges as described in §112.1(b) within any twelve month period. ¹³	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	Yes No MA
(6)	Produced Water Containers. Alternate requirements in lieu of sized requirements in (c)(3) above for facilities with produced water containers.		required in (c)(2) and
(i)	A procedure is implemented on a regular schedule for each produced water container that is designed to separate the free-phase oil that accumulates on the surface of the produced water.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	A description is included in the Plan of the procedures, frequency, and amount of free-phase oil expected to be maintained inside the container;	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	
	PE certifies in accordance with §112.3(d)(1)(vi);	☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	
	Records of such events are maintained in accordance with §112.7(e).	Yes No INA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	If this procedure is not implemented as described in the F	Plan o r no records are ma	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
	facility owner/operator must comply with		
(ii)	Each produced water container and associated piping is visually inspected, on a regular basis, for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b) in accordance with good engineering practice.	Yes No No NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
(iii)	Corrective action or necessary repairs were made to any produced water container and associated piping as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of an oil discharge.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
(iv)	Oil removed or other actions initiated to promptly stabilize and remediate any accumulation of oil discharges associated with the produced water container.	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
(v)	All produced water containers comply with §§112.9(c)(2) and (c)(3) within six months of any produced water container discharge of more than 1,000 U.S. gallons of oil in a single discharge as described in §112.1(b) or discharges of more than 42 U.S. gallons of oil in each of two discharges as described in §112.1(b) within any twelve month period. ¹³	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
Comments: Aci is sufficient for	coording to the plan and calculations included in the plan, the seconda flow-through process containers and produced water containers Alter	ry containment capacity o native measures are not r	f secondary containment equire
to and the fact	Without Inches of the Publish of the prince remarks to the prince of the publish	PLAN	FIELD
112.9(d) Facil	ity transfer operations, pumping, and facility process	Christian Mathematic	mus.
(1)	A CANADA PARAMETER AND	Yes No NA	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA

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¹³ Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

	of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, pumping well polish rod stuffing boxes, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items		
(2)	Saltwater (oil field brine) disposal facilities inspected often to detect possible system upsets capable of causing a discharge, particularly following a sudden change in atmospheric temperature	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
(3)	If flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines are not provided with secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(c) and the facility is not required to submit an FRP under §112.20, then the SPCC Plan includes:		
(i)	 An oil spill contingency plan following the provisions of 40 CFR part 109¹⁴ 	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA	Yes No NA
(ii)	 A written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that might be harmful 	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
(4)	A flowline/intra-facility gathering line maintenance program to prevent discharges is prepared and implemented and includes the following procedures:		
(i)	Flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines and associated valves and equipment are compatible with the type of production fluids, their potential corrosivity, volume, and pressure, and other conditions expected in the operational environment	Yes No NA	☑ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
(ii)	Flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines and associated appurtenances are visually inspected and/or tested on a periodic and regular schedule for leaks, oil discharges, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA
	§112.1(b). If flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines are not provided with secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(c), the frequency and type of testing allows for the implementation of a contingency plan as described under 40 CFR 109 or an FRP submitted under §112.20	Yes No NA	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
(iii)	Repairs or other corrective actions are made to any flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines and associated appurtenances as indicated by regularly scheduled visual inspections, tests, or evidence of a discharge	✓ Yes □ No □ NA	Yes No NA
(iv)	Oil removed or other actions initiated to promptly stabilize and remediate any accumulations of oil discharges associated with the flowlines, intra-facility gathering lines, and associated appurtenances	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
ONSHORE C	DIL DRILLING AND WORKOVER FACILITIES-40 CFR 112.1	10	☑ NA
112.10(b)	Mobile drilling or workover equipment is positioned or located to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
112.10(c)	Catchment basins or diversion structures are provided to intercept and contain discharges of fuel, crude oil, or oily drilling fluids	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	Yes No MA
112.10(d)	installed before drilling below any casing string or during workover operations		☐Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	BOP assembly and well control system is capable of controlling any well-head pressure that may be encountered while on the well	Yes No INA	Yes No NA
procedures ar releases of oil by remediation Maintenance	The plan adequately describes facility inspection procedures but no rece followed or documented. The Plan lacks a Contingency Plan, and N from wellheads gathering lines and overflowing tanks and compromism actions being performed by D&Z, the lease operator. Many of the a Program have been done or are bring done as part of ongoing remedit actions are attributed to SPCC related O&M procedures.	Management Commitment sed secondary containmen ctions required by a tank ir	of Manpower. Previous It have been addressed Inspection and Flow Lin

¹⁴ Note that the implementation of a 40 CFR part 109 plan does not require a PE impracticability determination for this specific requirement

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ATTACHMENT A: SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW TABLE

Documentation of Field Observations for Containers and Associated Requirements

Inspectors should use this table to document observations of containers as needed.

Containers and Piping

Check containers for leaks, specifically looking for: drip marks, discoloration of tanks, puddles containing spilled or leaked material, corrosion, cracks, and localized dead vegetation, and standards/specifications of construction.

Check aboveground container foundation for: cracks, discoloration, and puddles containing spilled or leaked material, settling, gaps between container and foundation, and damage caused by vegetation roots.

Check all piping for: droplets of stored material, discoloration, corrosion, bowing of pipe between supports, evidence of stored material seepage from valves or seals, evidence of leaks, and localized dead vegetation. For all aboveground piping, include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items (Document in comments section of §112.9(d).)

Secondary Containment (Active and Passive)

Check secondary containment for: containment system (including walls and floor) ability to contain oil such that oil will not escape the containment system before cleanup occurs, proper sizing, cracks, discoloration, presence of spilled or leaked material (standing liquid), erosion, corrosion, penetrations in the containment system, and valve conditions.

Check dike or berm systems for: level of precipitation in dike/available capacity, operational status of drainage valves (closed), dike or berm impermeability, debris, erosion, impermeability of the earthen floor/walls of diked area, and location/status of pipes, inlets, drainage around and beneath containers, presence of oil discharges within diked areas.

Check drainage systems for: an accumulation of oil that may have resulted from any small discharge, including field drainage systems (such as drainage ditches or road ditches), and oil traps, sumps, or skimmers. Ensure any accumulations of oil have been promptly removed.

Check retention and drainage ponds for: erosion, available capacity, presence of spilled or leaked material, debris, and stressed vegetation.

Check active measures (countermeasures) for: amount indicated in plan is available and appropriate; deployment procedures are realistic; material is located so that they are readily available; efficacy of discharge detection; availability of personnel and training, appropriateness of measures to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b). Note that appropriate evaluation and consideration must be given to the any use of active measures at an unmanned oil production facility.

	Con Abovegrou	ID/General ition ¹ nd or Buried ank	Storage Capacity (gal)	Type of Oil	Type of Containment/ Drainage Control	Overfill Protection and Testing & Inspections
1	Gunbarrel	Fiberglass AST	8,400	salt water and oil mix		History Astronomy - The Control of t
2	Crude Oil	Steel	8,400	oil		Anne Children Control of Control Control of
3	Crude Oil	Steel	8,400	oil	earthen dike containment	Equalization lines, multi- day production storage capacity; tanks reportedly manually gauged daily
4	Oil/Water Separator	Fiberglass AST	8,400	salt water and oil mix		
5	Oil/Water Separator	Fiberglass AST	8,400	salt water and oil mix	CONTROL OF STREET	
	Total		42,000	gallons	US of Parish	ampaga, et al-ett

ATTACHMENT B: SPCC INSPECTION AND TESTING CHECKLIST

Required Documentation of Tests and Inspections

Records of inspections and tests required by 40 CFR part 112 signed by the appropriate supervisor or inspector must be kept by all facilities with the SPCC Plan for a period of three years. Records of inspections and tests conducted under usual and customary business practices will suffice. Documentation of the following inspections and tests should be kept with the SPCC Plan.

A PART OF THE	Inspection or Test		Documentation	
			Not Present	Not Applicable
112.7-Genera	al SPCC Requirements		Part Part	
(d)	Integrity testing for bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made	The state of	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
(d)	Integrity and leak testing of valves and piping associated with bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made	A SE	11 × 200 to 4	
(h)(3)	Inspection of lowermost drain and all outlets of tank car or tank truck prior to filling and departure from loading/unloading rack		V	
(i)	Evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers for potential for brittle fracture or other catastrophic failure when the container undergoes a repair, alteration, reconstruction or change in service or has discharged oil or failed due to brittle fracture failure or other catastrophe		2	
k(2)(i)	Inspection or monitoring of qualified oil-filled operational equipment when the equipment meets the qualification criteria in §112.7(k)(1) and facility owner/operator chooses to implement the alternative requirements in §112.7(k)(2) that include an inspection or monitoring program to detect oil-filled operational equipment failure and discharges			Ø
112.9-Onsho	ore Oil Production Facilities (excluding drilling and workover facilities)			□NA
(b)(1)	Rainwater released directly from diked containment areas inspected following §§112.8(c)(3)(ii), (iii) and (iv), including records of drainage kept		Z	
(b)(2)	Field drainage systems, oil traps, sumps, and skimmers inspected regularly for oil, and accumulations of oil promptly removed		V	
(c)(3)	Containers, foundations and supports inspected visually for deterioration and maintenance needs		V	
(c)(5)(i)	In lieu of having sized secondary containment, flow-through process vessels and associated components visually inspected and/or tested periodically and on a regular schedule for conditions that could result in a discharge as described in §112.1(b)			V
(c)(6)(ii	In lieu of having sized secondary containment, produced water containers and associated piping are visually inspected and/or tested for leaks, corrosion, or other conditions that could lead to a discharge as described in §112.1(b) in accordance with good engineering practice			V
(d)(1) All aboveground valves and piping associated with transfer operations are regularly inspected		V	
(d)(2) Saltwater disposal facilities inspected often to detect possible system upsets capable of causing a discharge		V	
(d)(4)(ii	For flowlines and intra-facility gathering lines without secondary containment, in accordance with §112.7(c), lines are visually inspected and/or tested periodically and on a regular schedule to allow implementing the part 109 contingency plan or the FRP submitted under §112.20		V	

No training, inspection, testing or discharge documentation records were available to review at the time of inspection

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ATTACHMENT C: SPCC CONTINGENCY PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

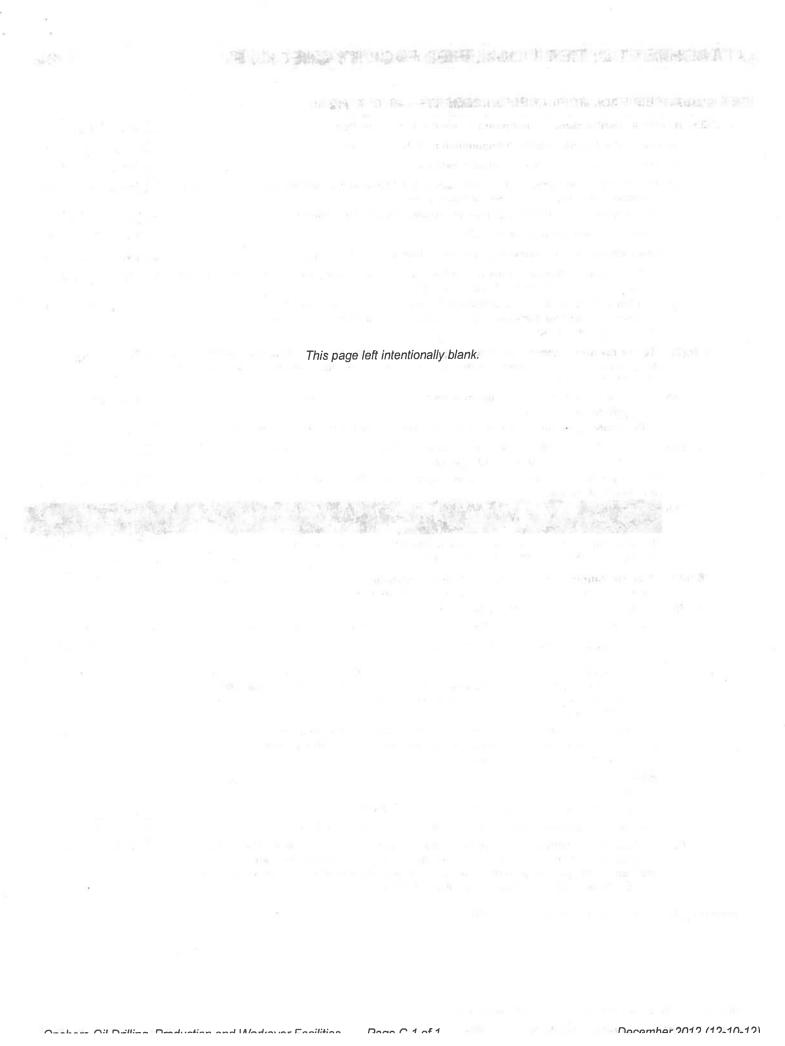
□ NA

40 CFR Part 109-Criteria for State, Local and Regional Oil Removal Contingency Plans

If SPCC Plan includes an impracticability determination for secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(d), the facility owner/operator is required to provide an oil spill contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109, unless he or she has submitted a FRP under §112.20. An oil spill contingency plan may also be developed, unless the facility owner/operator has submitted a FRP under §112.20 as one of the required alternatives to general secondary containment for qualified oil filled operational equipment in accordance with §112.7(k).

9.5–[Development and implementation criteria for State, local and regional oil removal contingency plans ¹⁵	Yes	No
(a)	Definition of the authorities, responsibilities and duties of all persons, organizations or agencies which are to be involved in planning or directing oil removal operations.		V
(b)	Establishment of notification procedures for the purpose of early detection and timely notification of an oil discharge including:		V
(1)	The identification of critical water use areas to facilitate the reporting of and response to oil discharges.		V
(2)	A current list of names, telephone numbers and addresses of the responsible persons (with alternates) and organizations to be notified when an oil discharge is discovered.	V	
(3)	Provisions for access to a reliable communications system for timely notification of an oil discharge, and the capability of interconnection with the communications systems established under related oil removal contingency plans, particularly State and National plans (e.g., National Contingency Plan (NCP)).		V
(4)	An established, prearranged procedure for requesting assistance during a major disaster or when the situation exceeds the response capability of the State, local or regional authority.		V
(c)	Provisions to assure that full resource capability is known and can be committed during an oil discharge situation including:		V
(1)	The identification and inventory of applicable equipment, materials and supplies which are available locally and regionally.		V
(2)	An estimate of the equipment, materials and supplies that would be required to remove the maximum oil discharge to be anticipated.		V
(3)	Development of agreements and arrangements in advance of an oil discharge for the acquisition of equipment, materials and supplies to be used in responding to such a discharge.		V
(d)	Provisions for well defined and specific actions to be taken after discovery and notification of an oil discharge including:	V	
(1)	Specification of an oil discharge response operating team consisting of trained, prepared and available operating personnel.		V
(2)	Pre-designation of a properly qualified oil discharge response coordinator who is charged with the responsibility and delegated commensurate authority for directing and coordinating response operations and who knows how to request assistance from Federal authorities operating under existing national and regional contingency plans.		V
(3)	A preplanned location for an oil discharge response operations center and a reliable communications system for directing the coordinated overall response operations.		V
(4)	Provisions for varying degrees of response effort depending on the severity of the oil discharge.		Ø
(5)	Specification of the order of priority in which the various water uses are to be protected where more than one water use may be adversely affected as a result of an oil discharge and where response operations may not be adequate to protect all uses.		V
(e)	Specific and well defined procedures to facilitate recovery of damages and enforcement measures as provided for by State and local statutes and ordinances.		V

¹⁵ The contingency plan should be consistent with all applicable state and local plans, Area Contingency Plans, and the NCP.



ATTACHMENT D: TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY CHECKLIST

☑NA

TIER II QUALIF	IED FACILITY PLAN REQUIREMENTS —40 CFR 112.6(b)	
112.6(b)(1)	Plan Certification: Owner/operator certified in the Plan that:	☐Yes ☐No
(i)	He or she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR part 112	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
(ii)	He or she has visited and examined the facility ¹⁶	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
	The Plan has been prepared in accordance with accepted and sound industry practices and standards and with the requirements of this part	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
(iv)	Procedures for required inspections and testing have been established	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
(v)	He or she will fully implement the Plan	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
(vi)	The facility meets the qualification criteria set forth under §112.3(g)(2)	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
(vii)	The Plan does not deviate from any requirements as allowed by §§112.7(a)(2) and 112.7(d), except as described under §112.6(b)(3)(i) or (ii)	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
(viii)	The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of management and the facility owner or operator has committed the necessary resources to fully implement the Plan.	Yes No NA
112.6(b)(2)	Technical Amendments: The owner/operator self-certified the Plan's technical amendments for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a §112.1(b) discharge	Yes No NA
If YES	 Certification of technical amendments is in accordance with the self-certification provisions of §112.6(b)(1). 	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
(i)	A PE certified a portion of the Plan (i.e., Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
If YES	The PE also certified technical amendments that affect the PE certified portion of the Plan as required under §112.6(b)(4)(ii)	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
(ii)	as a result of the change	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
If YES	The facility no longer meets the Tier II qualifying criteria in §112.3(g)(2) bec it exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground storage capaci	ause ty
	The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under §112.3(d)	Yes No NA
112.6(b)(3)	Plan Deviations: Does the Plan include environmentally equivalent alternative methods or impracticability determinations for secondary containment?	Yes No NA
If YES	Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan:	
	 Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2); Impracticability determination under §112.7(d) 	Yes No NA
112.6(b)(4)	 For each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written statement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2); 	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
	For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d) AND	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
(i)		
(A)		Yes No NA
(B)		Yes No NA
(C)	The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.	☐Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Comments: The	e facility is not a qualified Tier II facility.	

¹⁶ Note that only the person certifying the Plan can make the site visit

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ATTACHMENT E: ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

EPA received a spill complaint on the Hastert Leases on June 11, 2015 by the landowner. The complaint was referred to KCC by EPA but EPA response personnel also responded to the site on June 17, 2015. Multiple discharge and SPCC violations were observed, including multiple discharges of oil from secondary containment, overflowing tanks, leaking wellheads and gathering lines. It was determined that most of the issues had been caused by the prior operator, Tailwater, Inc. who had sold the lease to D&Z Exploration, Inc., on April 1, 2015. D&Z acknowledged the multiple problems associated with the lease and stated their intention to address them but had been hindered by wet weather this spring. On June 23, 2015, a coordination meeting was held on site with interested parties, including D&Z, KCC, the landowner, and EPA. KCC agreed to take the lead in overseeing remediation actions and D&Z agreed to commit the resources needed to address the issues in a timely manner on a schedule to set out by KCC. EPA in turn, issued D&Z a Notice of Federal Interest and opened up the Oil Pollution Fund to oversee the remediation work and take over the action if we determined that satisfactory progress was not being made by D&Z.

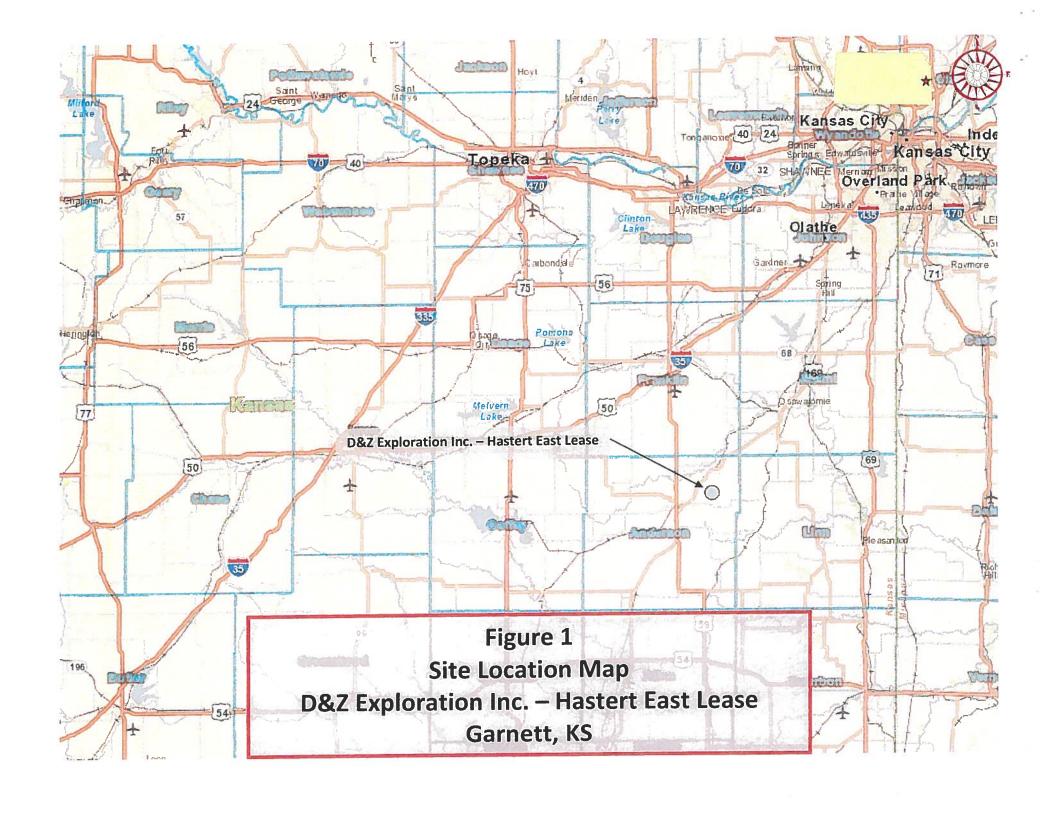
Site remediation activities have been ongoing since late June and satisfactory progress is being made.

During the initial response action, it was determined that D&Z Explorations did not have SPCC Plans for either the Hastert East or Hastert West Leases. On August 26, 2015 an SPCC inspection was conducted at both the Hastert East and Hastert West Leases. Neither lease has a signed SPCC plan in place yet. The Hastert East Lease has a "draft" SPCC plan that was provided for EPA review. D&Z could not provide requested documentation regarding required training, inspections, or testing.

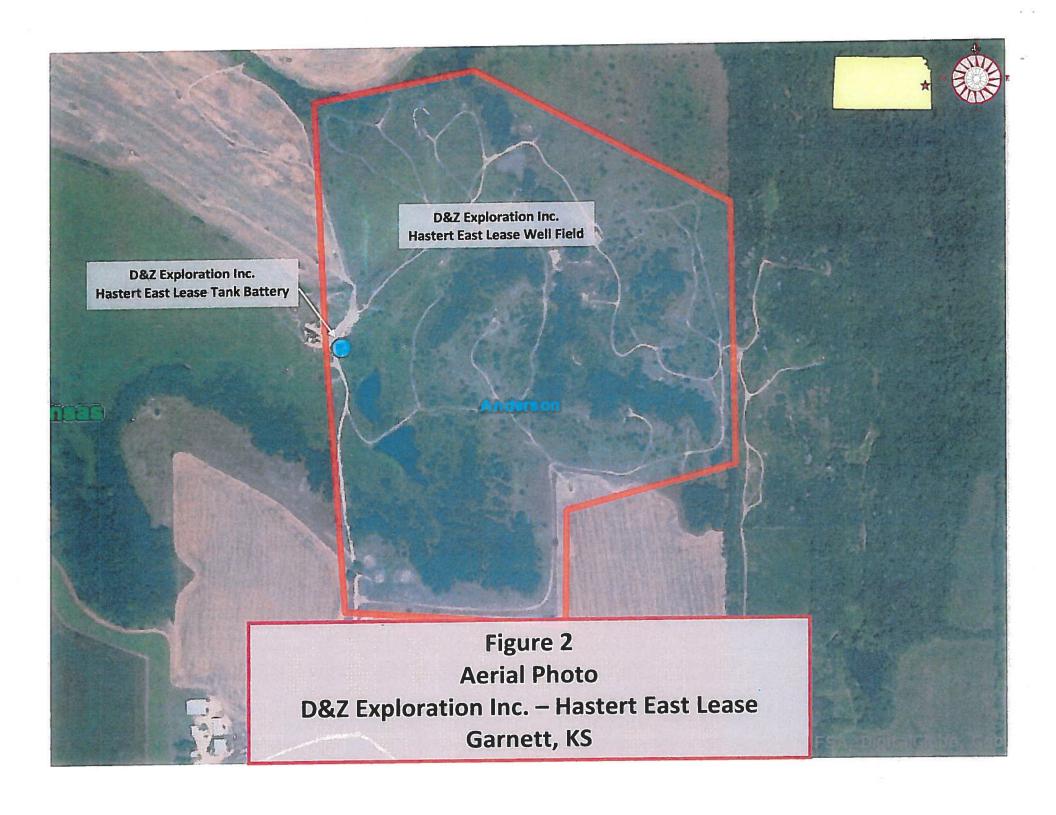
Photo#	Photographer Name	Time of Photo Taken	Compass Direction	Description
1	Paul Doherty	AM 8/26/2015	North	Hastert East Lease tank battery. The plan states that the dike height is 1.5 feet which is not obvious from field observations.
2	Paul Doherty	AM 8/26/2015	North	Hastert East Lease dikes have been reconstructed and oil inside and outside containment has been removed by ongoing remediation actions. Gypsum has been applied to soil outside containment at the direction of the KCC.
3	Paul Doherty	AM 8/26/2015	Southwest	Northeast corner of containment has been reconstructed and oil contaminated soil has been excavated and the ground treated with gypsum under KCC over sight.
4	Paul Doherty	AM 8/26/2015	Northeast	View Hastert East Lease tank battery inside containment.
5	Paul Doherty	AM 8/26/2015	North	Example of wellhead in proximity to surface water (in background).
6	Paul Doherty	AM 8/26/2015	Northwest	Another view of wellhead in proximity to surface water (in background). Peat moss absorbent applied to oil leakage at well head pump rods was indication that there is an active gathering line maintenance program in place.
7	Paul Doherty	AM 8/26/2015	Northwest	Evidence of a well head rod bushing/gasket leak that had not yet been attended to. The situation was pointed out to the operator who agreed to address the situation.
8	Paul Doherty	AM 8/26/2015	Northwest	View of peat moss absorbent applied to old well head oil release. Visual evidence was that the release had occurred under the previous lease operator and had run some distance away from the well head.
9	Paul Doherty	AM 8/26/2015	Northwest	Another well head where peat moss absorbent has been applied to old well head oil release. Visual evidence was that the release had occurred under the previous lease operator and had run some distance away from the well head.

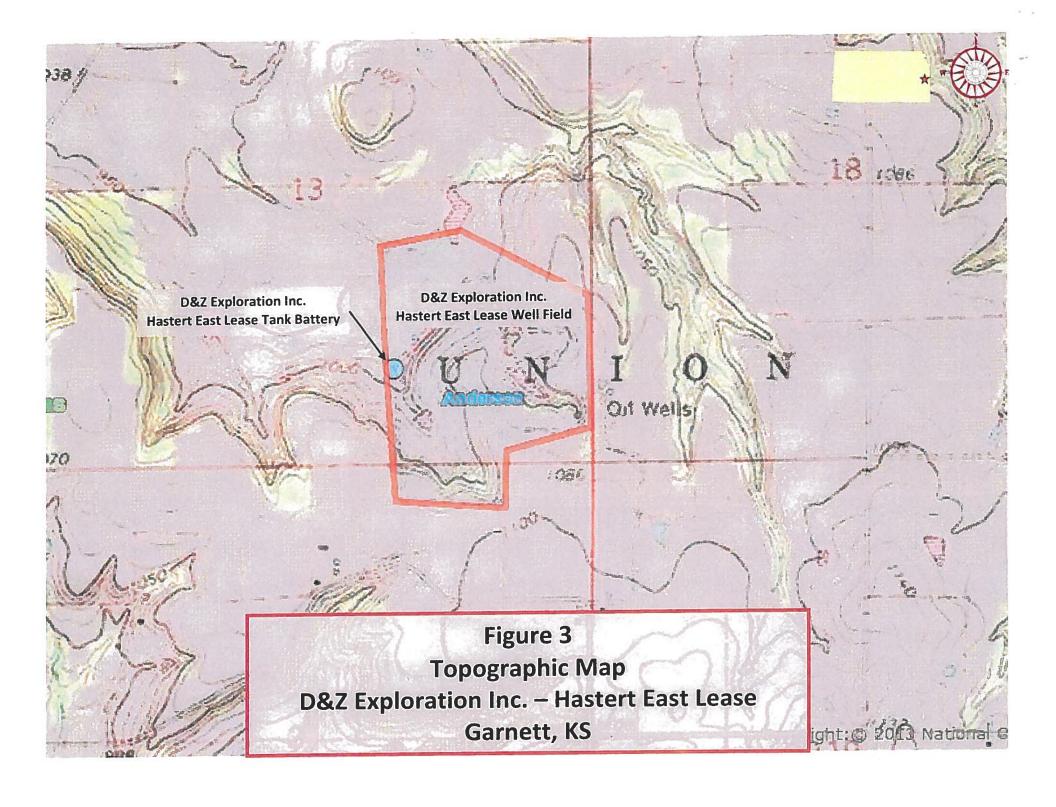
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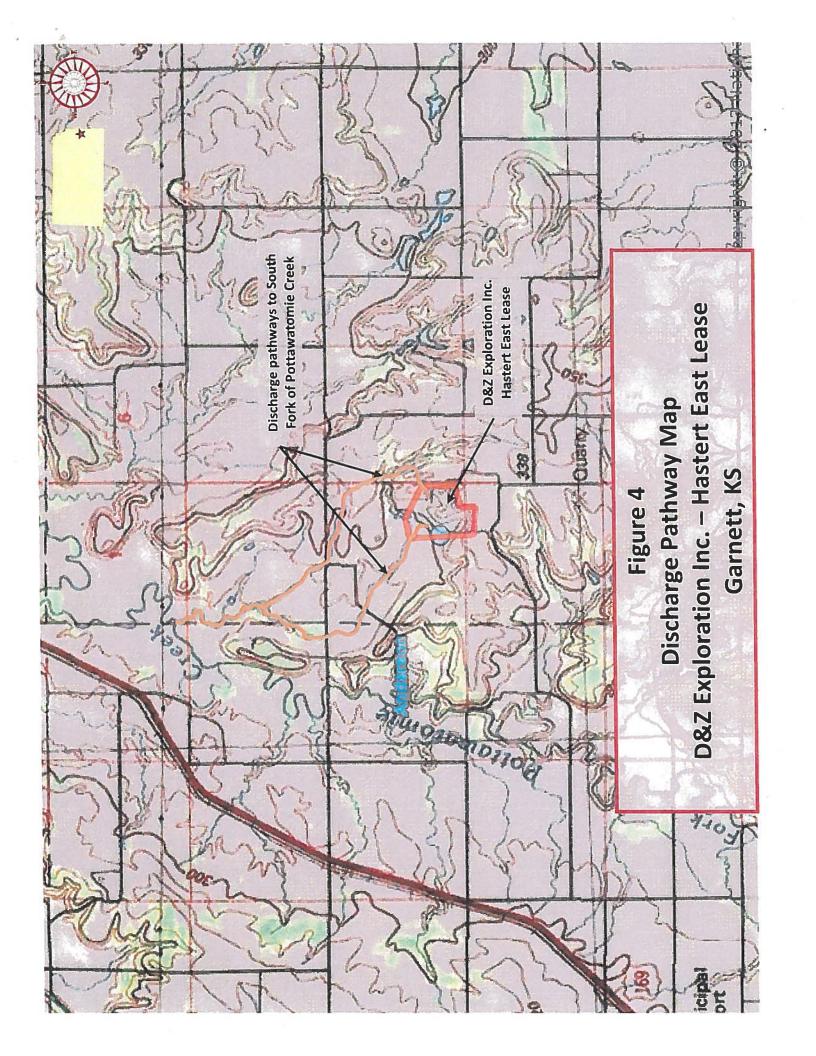


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1600	기반하는 이 없는 맛있다면서 가입하는 것이 되었다면서 하는 것이 되었다면서 그렇게 되었다면서 그렇게 되었다면서 되었다면서 살아 없는데 얼마나 되었다면서 살아 되었다면서 살아 없었다면서 살아 없다면서 살아 없었다면서 살아
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	열심도 보는 이 나에 가는 얼굴을 하고 있으면 그 살을 보고 있다.
44	그 맛있는 일을 다느로 가장되었다면 보다는 그 이 이번 지어야 하는 것 같아. 나를 다 먹는데 없다.
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	그 그 그 이 그 아는 그들은 얼마 그 그 그리고 있는 것이다. 그 그 그래요 그는 다음
70 M	나이지는 그는 그들이 그리게 하는 이 시간에 나왔었다고 아이를 가지 않아 하는 그렇게 하는데
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	그렇게 있는 다양이는 얼마를 다 나가지를 하는 것은 이번에 다시다. 그 그래요요
40	물레이다 그렇게 하는 어떻게 되었다. 이번 그런 그 하느님이 뭐라고 적별하게 모르는데 되는데
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Array Karl	
	이 사람들은 아니라는 뭐야지 말하지 않아서 그리지만 하느냐까?
240	그리고 있다고 있었다. 그렇지 하는 남쪽을 하고 있다면 그리고 그 그렇게 되었습니다면 하는데 하다.
5,63	그 성기가 다 아니는 생생님이 그렇게 되는 것도 없는데 그는 눈성으리가 끊힌다면서 그 그네.
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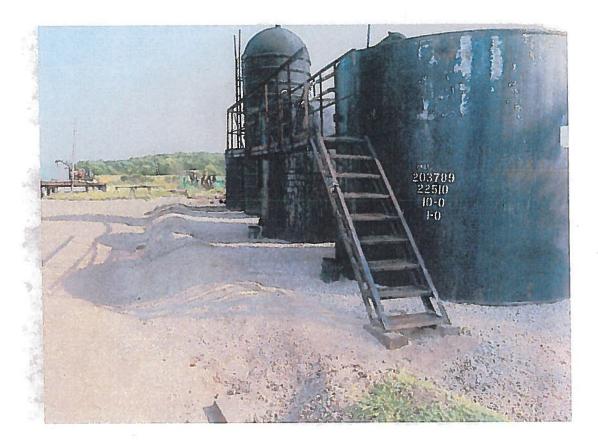


Photo: #1 Site: D&Z Exploration, Inc. - Hastert East Lease, Garnett, KS Date: 8/26/2015

Time: AM Direction: North Photographer: Paul Doherty, EPA Witness: Deke Belden, D&Z Exploration

Description: Hastert East Lease tank battery. The plan states that the dike height is 1.5 feet which is not obvious from field observations.

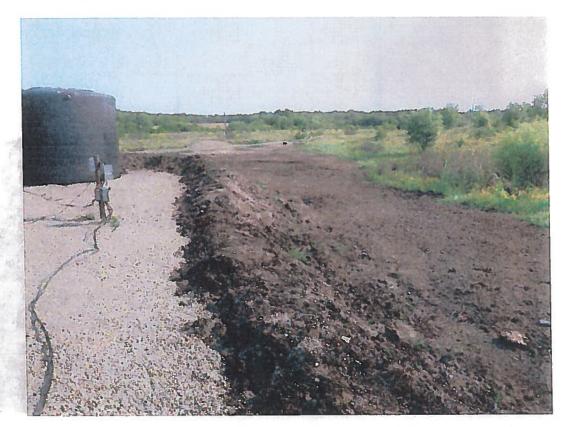


Photo: # 2 Site: D&Z Exploration, Inc. - Hastert East Lease, Garnett, KS Date: 8/26/2015 Time: AM Direction: North Photographer: Paul Doherty, EPA Witness: Deke Belden, D&Z Exploration Description: Hastert East Lease dikes have been reconstructed and oil inside and outside containment has been removed by ongoing remediation actions. Gypsum has been applied to soil outside containment at the direction of the KCC.



Photo: #3 Site: D&Z Exploration, Inc. - Hastert East Lease, Garnett, KS Date: 8/26/2015
Time: AM Direction: Southeast Photographer: Paul Doherty, EPA Witness: Deke Belden, D&Z Exploration
Description: Northeast corner of containment has been reconstructed and oil contaminated soil has been excavated and the ground treated with gypsum under KCC over sight.



Photo: # 4 Site: D&Z Exploration, Inc. - Hastert East Lease, Garnett, KS Date: 8/26/2015
Time: AM Direction: Northeast Photographer: Paul Doherty, EPA Witness: Deke Belden, D&Z Exploration
Description: View Hastert East Lease tank battery inside containment.



Photo: # 5 Site: D&Z Exploration, Inc. - Hastert East Lease, Garnett, KS Date: 8/26/2015

Time: AM Direction: North Photographer: Paul Doherty, EPA Witness: Deke Belden, D&Z Exploration

Description: Example of wellhead in proximity to surface water (in background).



Photo: # 6 Site: D&Z Exploration, Inc. - Hastert East Lease, Garnett, KS Date: 8/26/2015

Time: AM Direction: Northwest Photographer: Paul Doherty, EPA Witness: Deke Belden, D&Z Exploration

Description: Another view of wellhead in proximity to surface water (in background). Peat moss absorbent applied to oil leakage at well head pump rods was indication that there is an active gathering line maintenance program in place.



Photo: #7 Site: D&Z Exploration, Inc. - Hastert East Lease, Garnett, KS Date: 8/26/2015

Time: AM Direction: Northwest Photographer: Paul Doherty, EPA Witness: Deke Belden, D&Z Exploration

Description: Evidence of a well head rod bushing/gasket leak that had not yet been attended to. The situation was pointed out to the operator who agreed to address the situation.

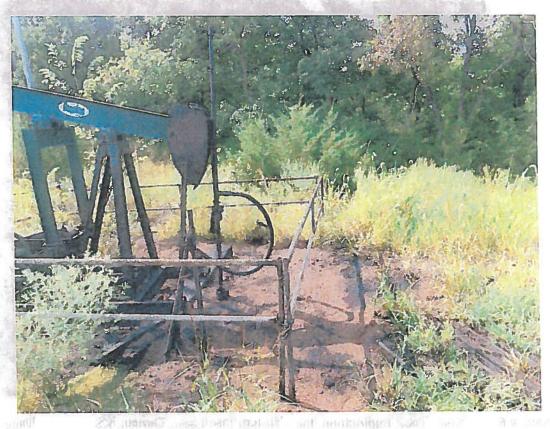


Photo: #8 Site: D&Z Exploration, Inc. - Hastert East Lease, Garnett, KS Date: 8/26/2015
Time: AM Direction: Northwest Photographer: Paul Doherty, EPA Witness: Deke Belden, D&Z Exploration
Description: View of peat moss absorbent applied to old well head oil release. Visual evidence was that the
release had occurred under the previous lease operator and had run some distance away from the well head.



Photo: # 9 Site: D&Z Exploration, Inc. - Hastert East Lease, Garnett, KS Date: 8/26/2015
Time: AM Direction: Northwest Photographer: Paul Doherty, EPA Witness: Deke Belden, D&Z Exploration
Description: Another well head where peat moss absorbent has been applied to old well head oil release. Visual
evidence was that the release had occurred under the previous lease operator and had run some distance away
from the well head.

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